

# TURMALINA METALS CORP.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

# NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors.

The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

This notice is being provided in accordance with National Instrument 51-102 – Continuous Disclosure Obligations.

# **TURMALINA METALS CORP.** CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

AS AT

		March 31, 2022	D	December 31, 2021
ASSETS				
Current Cash and cash equivalents Receivables and prepaid expenses (Notes 3)	\$	3,297,154 153,910	\$	4,010,253 133,962
		3,451,064		4,144,215
Mineral property (Note 4)	_	1,564,375		1,543,411
	\$	5,015,439	\$	5,687,626
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4)	<u>\$</u>	82,204	\$	114,685
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4) <b>Shareholders' equity</b> Share capital (Note 6) Contributed surplus (Note 6) Deficit	<u>\$</u>	82,204 23,991,075 3,856,607 (22,914,447)	<u> </u>	114,685 23,991,075 3,856,607 (22,274,741)
Shareholders' equity Share capital (Note 6) Contributed surplus (Note 6)	<u>\$</u> 	23,991,075 3,856,607	<u> </u>	23,991,075 3,856,607

# Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

Approved and authorized by the Board on May 20, 2022.

"Rohan Wolfe"	Director	"Bryan Slusarchuk"	Director
Rohan Wolfe		Bryan Slusarchuk	

# TURMALINA METALS CORP.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	-	For the three onths ended March 31, 2022	For the three nonths ended March 31, 2021
EXPENSES			
Consulting fees (Note 5)	\$	11,651	\$ 26,546
Directors and advisory fees (Note 5)		34,191	19,173
Exploration costs (Note 4 and 5)		443,248	849,304
Foreign exchange		(36,677)	9,124
Investor relations		25,375	28,125
Management fees (Note 5)		68,033	67,154
Marketing and shareholder communications		8,272	148,699
Office and administrative expenses		10,311	25,544
Professional fees (Note 5)		36,394	45,220
Share-based payments (Note 6)		-	9,917
Transfer agent, filing and listing fees		40,666	15,225
Travel			 2,877
Loss from operations		(641,464)	(1,246,908)
Interest income		1,758	 5,519
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	\$	(639,706)	\$ (1,241,389)
Basic and diluted loss per common share Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – basic and diluted	\$	(0.01) 66,899,518	\$ (0.02) 62,112,887

# **TURMALINA METALS CORP.** CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	-	For the three onths ended March 31, 2022	For the three months ended March 31, 2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss for the period Items not involving cash: Share-based payments	\$	(639,706)	\$ (1,241,389) 9,917
Non-cash working capital item changes: Receivables and prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Net cash used in operating activities		(19,948) (32,481) (692,135)	169,946 (112,207) (1,173,733)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b> Acquisition of mineral property Net cash used in investing activities		(20,964)	(6,391)
Change in cash and cash equivalents for the period Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		(713,099) 4,010,253	(1,180,124) 10,005,656
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	3,297,154	\$ 8,825,532

There were no other significant non-cash financing and investing activities during the periods ended March 31, 2022 and 2021. No cash was paid for interest or taxes for the periods ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

# **TURMALINA METALS CORP.** CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Number	Amount	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Total	
Balance, December 31, 2020	66,299,518	\$ 23,467,579	\$ 3,463,393	\$ (16,109,197)	\$	10,821,775
Share-based payments Loss for the period	-	 -	 9,917	 (1,241,389)		9,917 (1,241,389)
Balance, March 31, 2021	66,299,518	\$ 23,467,579	\$ 3,473,310	\$ (17,350,586)	\$	9,590,303
Balance, December 31, 2021	66,899,518	\$ 23,991,075	\$ 3,856,607	\$ (22,274,741)	\$	5,572,941
Loss for the period	<u> </u>	 	 	 (639,706)		(639,706)
Balance, March 31, 2022	66,899,518	\$ 23,991,075	\$ 3,856,607	\$ (22,914,447)	\$	4,933,235

### 1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Turmalina Metals Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated in Canada under the British Columbia Corporations Act on March 21, 2017. The Company is principally engaged in the acquisition and exploration of resource properties. The Company's shares are publicly traded on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "TSXV") under the symbol TBX. The head office, records office, and principal address of the Company is 400-850 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 1E1. The Company is in the process of investing in potential new acquisitions and exploring and evaluating its resource properties and has not yet determined whether the properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") with the assumption that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business rather than through a process of forced liquidation. The Company has incurred losses from inception and does not currently have the financial resources to sustain operations in the long-term. While the Company has been successful in obtaining its required funding in the past, there is no assurance that such future financing will be available or be available on favourable terms. An inability to raise additional financing may impact the future assessment of the Company as a going concern. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared coronavirus COVID-19 a global pandemic. This contagious disease outbreak, which has continued to spread, and any related adverse public health developments, has adversely affected workforces, economies, and financial markets globally, potentially leading to an economic downturn. While this had not had a material impact on the Company to date, it is not possible for the Company to predict the duration or magnitude of the adverse results of the outbreak and its effects on the Company's business or ability to raise funds.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include adjustments to amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue operations. Continued operations of the Company are dependent on the Company's ability to receive financial support, necessary financings, or generate profitable operations in the future.

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### **Statement of compliance**

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

This condensed interim financial report does not include all of the information required of a full annual financial report and is intended to provide users with an update in relation to events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Company since the end of the last annual reporting period. It is therefore recommended that this financial report be read in conjunction with the annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2021.

### **Basis of consolidation**

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, Aurora Mining S.A. (Argentina – 100% effective interest) and Aurora Copper Peru S.A.C. (Peru – 100% effective interest). The subsidiaries' principal activity is mineral exploration.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

### **Basis of consolidation** (cont'd...)

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Company has exposure to variable returns from its involvement and has the ability to use power over the investee to affect its returns. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Company controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Company until the date on which control ceases.

The accounts of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies. Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions are eliminated upon consolidation.

### **Basis of measurement**

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company's and its subsidiaries' functional currency and have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments, which are carried at fair value. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

### Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make judgments and estimates and form assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its judgments and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities and expenses. Management uses historical experience and various other factors it believes to be reasonable under the given circumstances as the basis for its judgments and estimates. Actual outcomes may differ from these estimates.

The most significant estimates relate to the valuation of deferred income tax amounts and calculation of share-based payments, which are discussed below:

### Deferred income tax

The determination of income tax is inherently complex and requires making certain estimates and assumptions about future events. While income tax filings are subject to audits and reassessments, the Company has adequately provided for all income tax obligations. However, changes in facts and circumstances as a result of income tax audits, reassessments, jurisprudence and any new legislation may result in an increase or decrease in our provision for income taxes.

### Share-based payments

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them.

The most significant judgments relate to the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries and impairment of exploration and evaluation assets, which are discussed below:

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

### Significant accounting judgments and estimates (cont'd...)

#### Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets

The carrying value and recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions about each project. Management considers the economics of the project, including the latest resource prices and the long-term forecasts, and the overall economic viability of the project. Management has assessed these indicators and does not believe an impairment provision is required.

#### Determination of functional currency

The functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries are outlined in the Basis of Measurement section above. The determination of functional currency involves certain judgments to determine the primary economic environment. The Company reconsiders the functional currency if there are changes in events and conditions impacting the factors used in the determination of the primary economic environment

### 3. RECEIVABLES AND PREPAID EXPENSES

	March 31, 2022	De	ecember 31, 2021
Goods and service tax ("GST") receivable Other receivables and advances Prepayments	\$ 33,803 93,485 26,622	\$	28,745 78,442 26,775
Total	\$ 153,910	\$	133,962

### 4. MINERAL PROPERTY

### Title to mineral property interests

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and titles may be affected by undetected defects.

### El Tapau Project, Argentina

On September 24, 2018, the Company entered into an option agreement with third parties to acquire a 100% interest in certain claims known as the El Tapau Project, Argentina. The Company can acquire a 100% interest in the property by making payments and incurring exploration expenditures and drilling as follows:

	Cash Payment	Minimum Exploration	Minimum Drilling
	(USD \$)	Expenditures (USD \$)	(Meters)
September 24, 2018 (paid)	40,000	-	-
September 24, 2019 (paid and completed)	70,000	300,000	-
November 24, 2020 (paid and completed)	100,000	-	3,000
November 24, 2021* (paid and completed)	250,000	-	4,000
November 24, 2022*	1,000,000	750,000	-
	1,460,000	1,050,000	7,000

\*Due to COVID-19 global pandemic and the Company being unable to advance the projects, the parties agreed to a 2-month extension under the force majeure clause.

# 4. MINERAL PROPERTY (cont'd...)

The third parties retain a 2.5% Net Smelter Returns ("NSR") royalty, which the Company may purchase for a payment of USD\$2,500,000.

### Cerro Negro Project, Argentina

On September 25, 2018, the Company entered into an option agreement with third parties to acquire a 100% interest in certain claims known as the Cerro Negro Project, Argentina. The Company can acquire a 100% interest in the property by making payments and incurring exploration expenditures as follows:

		Minimum Exploration
	Cash Payment (USD \$)	Expenditures (USD \$)
Upon signing LOI (paid)	5,000	-
September 25, 2018 (paid)	15,000	-
Upon receiving drilling permits (paid)	30,000	-
September 25, 2019 (paid and completed)	50,000	300,000
November 25, 2020 (paid and completed)	100,000	500,000
November 25, 2021 (paid and completed)	250,000	500,000
November 25, 2022*	1,000,000	750,000
	1,450,000	2,050,000

\*Due to COVID-19 global pandemic and the Company being unable to advance the projects, the parties agreed to a 2-month extension under the force majeure clause.

The third parties retain a 2% NSR royalty, of which the Company may purchase 55%, or 1.1%, of the NSR for a payment of USD\$1,250,000.

### Miranda Project, Argentina

On July 1, 2020, the Company entered into an option agreement with third parties to acquire a 100% interest in certain claims known as the Miranda Project, Argentina. The Company can acquire a 100% interest in the property by making payments as follows:

	Cash Payment (USD \$)
Upon signing definitive agreement (paid)	5,000
January 7, 2021 (paid)	5,000
July 7, 2021 (paid)	15,000
July 7, 2022 (paid)	20,000
July 7, 2023	30,000
July 7, 2024	150,000
	225,000

The third parties retain a 1% NSR royalty, which the Company may purchase for a payment of USD\$300,000.

# 4. MINERAL PROPERTY (cont'd...)

### Santa Barbara Project, Argentina

On July 1, 2021, the Company entered into an option agreement with government organization Instituto Provincial de Exploraciones y Explotaciones Mineras de la Provincia de San Juan, Argentina (IPEEM) to acquire the right to explore and exploit certain claims known as the Santa Barbara Project, Argentina. The Company can maintain the right to explore during an initial 5-year exploration stage by making payments and incurring exploration expenditures as follows:

		Minimum Exploration
	Cash Payment (USD \$)	Expenditures (USD \$)
Upon signing (paid)	20,000	-
July 1, 2022	-	505,000
July 1, 2023	-	1,124,000
July 1, 2024	-	1,124,000
July 1, 2025	-	1,124,000
July 1, 2026	-	1,223,000
-	20,000	5,100,000

During the five-year exploration stage, the Company is also required to make monthly payments of US\$5,509 (US\$0.50 cents per hectare) and loan IPEEM a four-wheel-drive vehicle, which will become the property of IPEEM if the agreement terminates. Monthly payments during the period ended March 31, 2022 totaled \$20,964 (US\$16,557) and during the year ended December 31, 2021 totaled \$41,749 (US\$33,114). During the second stage (exploitation stage) the Company is required to make monthly payments of US\$16,557 (US\$1.50 per hectare) until production starts and then a 1% to 2% royalty, with a value to be set at the time the exploitation stage commences.

### **Chanape Project, Peru**

On March 13, 2020, the Company entered into an option agreement, with third parties, to acquire a 100% interest in certain claims located in Peru, comprising the Chanape Project. The Company can acquire a 100% interest in the property by making total cash payments of US\$3,410,000 and by incurring exploration expenditures of US\$2,000,000 as follows:

		Minimum Exploration
	Cash Payment (USD \$)	Expenditures (USD \$)
Upon signing LOI (paid)	10,000	-
February 22, 2020 (paid)	18,727	-
Execution of definitive agreement (paid)	22,000	-
April 30, 2020 (paid)	9,273	-
December 30, 2020 (paid)	40,000	-
June 30, 2021 (paid and completed)	50,000	250,000
December 30, 2021 (paid)	60,000	
June 30, 2022*	100,000	500,000
December 30, 2022*	120,000	-
June 30, 2023*	180,000	500,000
December 30, 2023*	250,000	-
June 30, 2024*	350,000	750,000
June 30, 2025*	2,200,000	-
	3,410,000	2,000,000

\*These payments were conditional to the register of public deeds, which was delayed due to the COVID-19 global pandemic. Due to the delay registering the agreement, the due dates of these payments were extended 108 days.

The third parties retain a 2% NSR royalty, of which the Company may purchase 1%, (50%) of the NSR for a payment of USD\$1,200,000.

# 4. MINERAL PROPERTY (cont'd...)

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2020 and during the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company incurred acquisition costs as follows:

Acquisition Costs	El Tapau Project	C	erro Negro Project	Miranda Project	Sant	a Barbara Project	Chanape Project	Total
December 31, 2020 Additions	\$ 278,218 317,980	\$	265,144 317,980	\$ 6,979 25,067	\$	- 66,475	\$ 124,923 140,645	\$ 675,264 868,147
December 31, 2021 Additions	 596,198		583,124	32,046		66,475 20,964	265,568	1,543,411 20,964
March 31, 2022	\$ 596,198	\$	583,124	\$ 32,046	\$	87,439	\$ 265,568	\$ 1,564,375

During the period ended March 31, 2022, the Company incurred exploration costs as follows:

	El Tapau	Cei	rro Negro	Chanape	Total
Exploration Expenditures	Project		Project		
Assay	\$ -	\$	33,041	\$ 1,279	\$ 34,320
Drilling	-		2,482	-	2,482
Environmental studies	-		1,456	-	1,456
Equipment rental	-		1,591	-	1,591
Field expenditures	-		62,066	54,252	116,318
Geological consulting	15,724		73,096	31,447	120,267
Project administration & community relations	-		15,008	42,193	57,201
Project management	19,357		19,357	38,715	77,429
Taxes	-		27,397	-	27,397
Travel	-		136	4,651	4,787
	\$ 35,081	\$	235,630	\$ 172,537	\$ 443,248

During the period ended March 31, 2021, the Company incurred exploration costs as follows:

Exploration Expenditures	El Tapau Project	Cerro Negro Project	Chanape	Total
Assay	\$ 54,921	\$ 87.011	\$ 12,731	\$ 154.663
Drilling	77,685	181,265	-	258,950
Equipment rental	2,302	5,370	-	7,672
Field expenditures	20,152	44,244	16,433	80,829
Geological consulting	34,965	57,935	5,440	98,340
Project administration & community relations	3,799	11,808	34,988	50,595
Project management	38,232	38,232	-	76,464
Taxes	36,294	84,685	-	120,979
Travel	 -	-	812	812
	\$ 268,350	\$ 510,550	\$ 70,404	\$ 849,304

# 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of members of the Board and corporate officers, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company entered the following transactions with related parties

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Professional fees	\$ 19,068	\$ 19,088
Director fees	26,691	19,173
Exploration costs	85,187	76,463
Management fees	68,033	67,154
	\$ 198,979	\$ 181,878

As at March 31, 2022, \$nil (December 31, 2021 - \$894) was included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities owing to officers and directors of the Company.

# 6. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

### Authorized

An unlimited number of common shares without par value.

### Escrow

As at March 31, 2022, 3,294,000 common shares were held in escrow.

### **Issued share capital**

There were no financings completed during the period ended March 31, 2022 or during the year ended December 31, 2021.

### Stock options and warrants

Stock option and warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

	Stock	options	Warrants		
		Weighted		Weighted	
		Average		Average	
	Number	Exercise Price	Number	Exercise Price	
Balance, December 31, 2020	5,345,000	\$ 0.81	5,431,592 \$	0.87	
Granted	900,000	0.91	-	-	
Exercised	(600,000)	0.50		-	
Balance, December 31, 2021	5,645,000	0.86	5,431,592	0.87	
Expired		-	(5,431,592)	0.87	
Outstanding and Exercisable,					
March 31, 2022	5,645,000	\$ 0.86	- \$	-	

The following stock options and warrants were outstanding as at March 31, 2022:

### 6. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (cont'd...)

### Stock options and warrants (cont'd...)

	Number	Exercise price		Expiry date	Remaining Life (years)	
Stock Options						
	2,675,000	\$	0.50	August 9, 2024	2.36	
	2,070,000		1.30	June 24, 2025	3.24	
	900,000		0.91	July 7, 2026	4.27	

### **Share-based payments**

The Company has a stock option plan under which it is authorized to grant options to executive officers and directors, employees and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. Under the plan, the exercise price of each option equals the market price of the Company's stock, less applicable discount, as calculated on the date of grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of 10 years with vesting determined by the board of directors.

The Company did not grant any stock options during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company granted 900,000 options with a weighted average fair value of \$0.67 per option to directors, officers, employees, and consultants of the Company. Total share-based payments recognized in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss for year ended December 31, 2021 was \$616,710 for incentive options granted and vested. This amount was also recorded as contributed surplus on the statement of financial position.

The following weighted average assumptions were used for the valuation of stock options:

	2022	2021
Risk-free interest rate	-	0.93%
Expected life of options	-	5 years
Annualized volatility	-	98.56%
Dividend rate	-	0.00%
Forfeiture rate	-	0.00%

# 7. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial assets and liabilities are classified in the fair value hierarchy according to the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgement and may affect placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. The hierarchy is as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The carrying value of receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximates fair value due to the shortterm nature of the financial instruments. Cash and cash equivalents is valued at a level 1 fair value measurement and is classified as fair value through profit or loss. Receivables are classified at amortized cost. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as amortized cost.

# 7. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd...)

### Risk management

The Company is exposed to varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks:

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents is held at a large Canadian financial institution in interest bearing accounts. The Company has no investment in asset backed commercial paper. Cash equivalents consists of cashable guaranteed investment certificates that are readily convertible into a known amount of cash within 90 days or less. As at March 31, 2022 the Company had cash equivalents of \$3,105,484 (December 31, 2022 - \$3,505,484) in term deposits.

The Company's receivables consist of goods and services tax receivable from the government of Canada.

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Company manages liquidity risk through its capital management as outlined below. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due within one year.

### Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices.

### a) Interest rate risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk arises from the interest rate impact on cash and cash equivalents. The Company's practice has been to invest cash and cash equivalents at floating rates of interest, in order to maintain liquidity, while achieving a satisfactory return for shareholders. There is minimal risk that the Company would recognize any loss as a result of a decrease in the fair value of any guaranteed bank investment certificates included in cash and cash equivalents as they are generally held with large financial institutions. During the period ended March 31, 2022, the Company was not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

b) Foreign currency risk

The Company is subject to foreign currency risk on financial instruments denominated in currencies other than the Canadian Dollar. The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to cash and cash equivalents, receivables and prepaid expenses, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are denominated in the United States dollar, the Argentine Peso or the Peruvian Sol. The Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk nor has it entered into foreign exchange contracts to hedge against gains or losses from foreign exchange fluctuations. As these exchange rates fluctuate against the Canadian Dollar, the Company will experience foreign exchange gains and losses.

c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

# 7. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd...)

### **Risk management** (cont'd...)

#### Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue acquisition, exploration and evaluation of mineral properties and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable risk. In the management of capital, the Company includes its components of shareholders' equity.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue debt, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash.

The Company currently is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management.

# 8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in one reportable operating segment, being the acquisition, exploration, and evaluation of resource properties in multiple South America, refer to Note 4.